## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

## Claim 1-10 canceled.

11. (New) A process for preparing a compound of the formula [1]:

wherein X is a group of the formula: -N= or -CH=; R¹ is a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a lower alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, a cyano group or an amino group optionally substituted by a lower alkyl group; Ring A is a nitrogencontaining heterocyclic group; Ring B is an optionally substituted benzene ring or an optionally substituted pyridine ring; and R³ is a hydrogen atom or a lower alkyl group, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, which comprises:

(A)

1)-a) reacting a compound of the formula [II]:

wherein R<sup>0</sup> is a hydrogen atom or a lower alkyl group and X<sup>1</sup> is a leaving group with a compound of the formula [III]:



wherein Ring A is a nitrogen-containing heterocyclic group, or

1)-b) reacting a compound of the formula [IV]:

wherein the symbol is the same as defined above with a compound of the formula

[V]:

wherein A' is a group derived from a nitrogen-containing heterocyclic group by removing a nitrogen atom, and  $X^2$  and  $X^3$  are leaving groups;

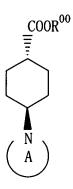


2) subjecting the resulting compound of the formula [VI]:

wherein the symbols are the same as defined above to catalytic reduction;

3) subjecting the resulting compound of the formula [VII]:

wherein the symbols are the same as defined above to lower-alkyl esterification when COOR<sup>0</sup> is a carboxyl group, followed by isomerization to give a trans-form compound of the formula [VIII]:



wherein R<sup>00</sup> is a hydrogen atom or a lower alkyl group and the other symbol is the same as defined above; and separately,

(B)

1) cyanation of a compounda of the formula [IX]:

wherein Ring B is an optionally substituted benzene ring or an optionally substituted pyridine ring and X<sup>4</sup> is a leaving group,

2) reacting the resulting compound of the formula [X]:

wherein the symbol is the same as defined above with a compound of the formula [XI]:

wherein R<sup>7</sup> is a hydrogen atom or an ester residue and X<sup>5</sup> is a leaving group, and reacting the resulting compound of the formula [XII]:

wherein the symbols are the same as defined above with a compound of the formula [XIII]:

wherein R<sup>3</sup> is a hydrogen atom or a lower alkyl group, R<sup>1</sup> is a hydrogen atom, a halogen atom, a lower alkyl group, a lower alkoxy group, a cyano group or an amino group optionally substituted by a lower alkyl group and X is a formula: -N= or -CH=, after converting the group R<sup>7</sup> of the compound [XII] to a hydrogen atom, when R<sup>7</sup> is an ester residue,

3) cyclizing the resulting compound of the formula [XIV]:

$$OCH_2CONR^3$$
  $R^2$   $CN$   $S$   $GMM/smt$ 

wherein the symbols are the same as defined above to give a compound of the formula [XV]:

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wherein the symbols are the same as defined above; and

(C)

reacting a compound of the formula [XV] with a compound of the formula [VIII] or a reactive derivative thereof.

12. (New) A process for preparing a compound of the formula [VI']:

$$R^4$$
  $R^5$ 

wherein Ring C is an optionally substituted aromatic ring and the formula: NR<sup>4</sup>R<sup>5</sup> is an optionally substituted amino group or an optionally substituted nitrogencontaining heterocyclic group, which comprises reacting a compound of the formula [II]:



wherein  $X^1$  is a leaving group and other symbol is the same as defined above with a compound of the formula [III']:

$$R^4$$
  $R^5$ 

wherein the symbols are the same as defined above in the presence of a group VIII metal compound supported by a solid phase.

13. (New) A process for preparing a compound of the formula [VII"]:

wherein R<sup>01</sup> is a hydrogen atom and the formula: NR<sup>41</sup>R<sup>51</sup> is a substituted amino group or a substituted nitrogen-containing heterocyclic group, which comprises subjecting a compound of the formula [VI"]:

wherein the symbols are the same as defined above to catalytic reduction under low pressure and neutral to slightly basic conditions in the presence of a rhodium-carbon catalyst.

14. (New) A process for preparing a trans-form compound of the formula [VIII']:

wherein R<sup>6</sup> is a substituent, or a carboxylic acid derivative thereof, which comprises isomerizing a cis-form or a mixture of cis- and trans-forms of a carboxylic acid derivative of the formula [VII']:

wherein the symbol is the same as defined above in the presence of a slight amount of water, and also in the presence of an alkali metal alkoxide or an alkali metal amide.

15. (New) A process for preparing a compound of the formula [X']:

wherein Ring B' is an optionally substituted aromatic ring, which comprises cyanation of a compound of the formula [IX']:

wherein  $X^4$  is a leaving group and other symbol is the same as defined above in the presence of a group VIII metal compound supported by a solid phase and a phosphine ligand.

16. (New) A process for preparing a compound of the formula [VII"]:

wherein R<sup>02</sup> is a lower alkyl group and the formula: NR<sup>42</sup>R<sup>52</sup> is a substituted amino group or a substituted nitrogen-containing heterocyclic group, which comprises subjecting a compound of the formula [VI"]:

wherein the symbols are the same as defined above to catalytic reduction under low pressure in the presence of a rhodium-carbon catalyst.

17. (New) A process for preparing a compound of the formula [VII""]:

wherein R<sup>03</sup> is a lower alkyl group and the formula: NR<sup>43</sup>R<sup>53</sup> is an unsubstituted amino group, which comprises subjecting a compound of the formula [VI""]:

wherein the symbols are the same as defined above to catalytic reduction under low pressure and neutral to slightly basic conditions in the presence of a rhodium-carbon catalyst.

- 18. (New) The process according to claim 12, wherein the group VIII metal compound is palladium or nickel, and the reaction is carried out in the presence of a ligand.
- 19. (New) The process according to claim 13, which is carried out under a condition of pH 7 8.
- 20. (New) The process according to claim 19, wherein the formula: NR<sup>41</sup>R<sup>51</sup> is a substituted amino group or a substituted pyrrolidinyl group.

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21. (New) The process according to claim 17, which is carried out under an acidic condition with acetic acid.

- 22. (New) The process according to claim 21, wherein the formula: NR<sup>43</sup>R<sup>52</sup> is an amino group.
- 23. (New) The process according to claim 15, wherein the a group VIII metal compound is palladium or nickel, and the reaction is carried out in the presence of a ligand.
- 24. (New) The process according to claim 23, which is carried out in the presence of palladium-carbon, zinc and bromine.
- 25. (New) The process according to claim 23, wherein Ring B' is an optionally substituted benzene ring or an optionally substituted pyridine ring, and  $X^4$  is a halogen atom.
- 26. (New) The process according to claim 15, wherein the phosphine ligand is triphenylphosphine.